

# Bird Watch

by

# Razdan Holidays

Specially crafted information for the Bird watching enthusiast  
brought to you by Razdan Holidays





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# Introduction

Bird watching remains as one of the most popular tourist activities as it has been over the last few decades.

India's diversity is not limited to its culture but also extends to its flora and fauna. The country has one of the most amazing bio diversity on the earth.

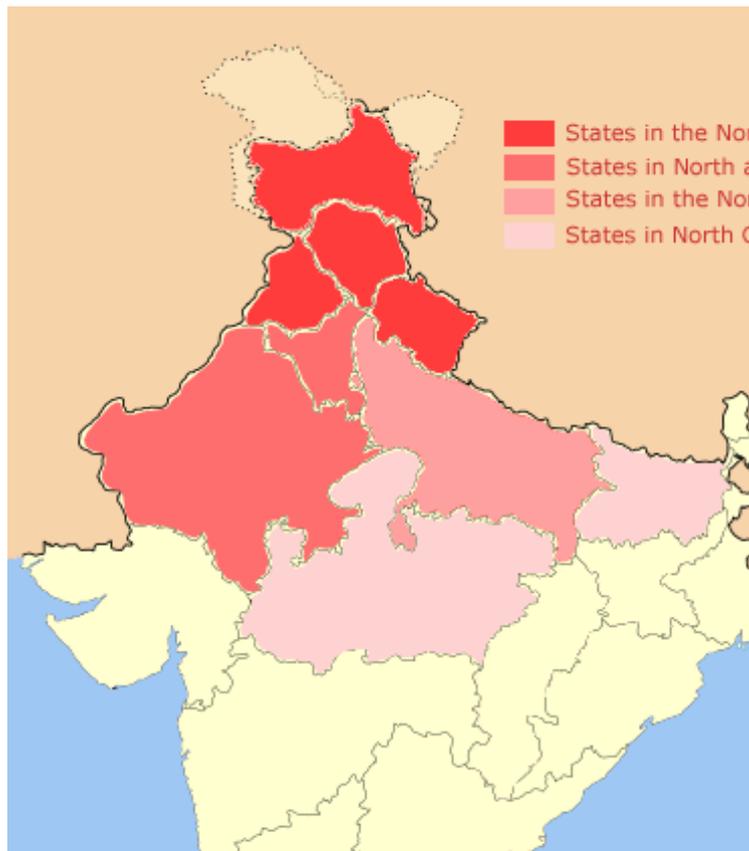
Bird watching in India is unmissable specially if you have a keen interest in wildlife.

India is home to more than 1250 avian species, the 8th highest in the world. Its temperate climate and numerable water resources makes it ideal for birds to have a habitat in the country. On top of that, migratory birds from around the world flow in and out of the country.

**Here we bring you some specially crafted information that gets you closer to these species !**



## North & Central India



- Hemis National Park (Hemis, Ladakh)
- Pong Dam Lake (Kangra District, Himachal Pradesh)
- Jim Corbett National Park (Nainital District, Uttarakhand)
- Pangot Village (Nainital District, Uttarakhand)
- Sattal (Nainital District, Uttarakhand)
- Sultanpur National Park (Sultanpur//50 Kms from Delhi, Haryana)
- Sardar Samand Lake (Jodhpur, Rajasthan)
- Khichan Bird Sanctuary (Phalodi Village, Rajasthan)
- Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary (Bharatpur, Rajasthan)
- Ranthambore National Park (Sawai Madhopur, Rajasthan)
- Ramsagar Wildlife Sanctuary (Dholpur, Madhya Pradesh)
- Bandhavgarh National Park (Bandhavgarh, Madhya Pradesh)
- Panna National Park (Chhatarpur, Madhya Pradesh)
- Kanha National Park (Satpuras, Madhya Pradesh)

## Razdan Recommended Itinerary for North and Central India

### **Day 01: Delhi**

Arrive Delhi. Met upon arrival and transfer to the hotel. Overnight stay at hotel.

### **Day 02: Delhi to Jaipur**

After breakfast drive to Jaipur (258 kms / 5 hrs approx). On arrival check-in hotel.

Afternoon proceed for half day tour of Jaipur city the capital city of the state of Rajasthan popularly known as "Pink City". The buildings in the old walled city are constructed in pink-colored sandstone. Overnight in hotel.

### **Day 03: Jaipur to Ranthambhore**

After breakfast leave for excursion to Amber Fort, enjoy elephant ride up the hill on which the fort is situated. Afternoon free at leisure. Overnight in hotel.

### **Day 04: Ranthambhore**

After breakfast drive to Ranthambore tiger reserve, approx. 140 kms in 4 hrs. Check into Jungle lodge. Afternoon park visit. Overnight in the hotel.

### **Day 05: Ranthambhore to Bharatpur**

After breakfast drive to Bharatpur Bird Sanctuary, approx. 205 kms in 6 hrs. Check into Jungle lodge. Afternoon park visit. Overnight in the hotel..

### **Day 06: Bharatpur**

After breakfast, game drives in the sanctuary.

Full day birding in Keoladeo Ghana National Park on foot and cycle rickshaws with a birding guide. The birds to expect are Indian Courser, Sarus Crane, Dusky eagle Owl, Large tailed Nightjars, Common Pochard, Great white Pelican, Greylag and Bar headed Goose.

### **Day 07: Bharatpur**

After breakfast, game drives in the sanctuary again. Overnight in the hotel.

### **Day 08: Bharatpur to Delhi via Agra**

Morning visit to the Taj Mahal. Proceed to Delhi. Overnight in the hotel.

### **Day 10: Pangot**

Another day of birding at Pangot village, Baggar and Gughu Khan. These walks can be very rewarding. One can see crested serpent-eagle, mountain hawk-eagle, Woodpeckers such as brown-fronted, stripe-breasted, rufous-bellied etc. Thrushes such as dark-throated, mistle etc. Striated prinia can be see in the terraced fields. Warblers such as tickell's leaf-warbler, greenish, golden-spectacled, grey-hooded. Flycatchers such as Asian brown, rusty-tailed, ultramarine, verditer, tickell's blue, rufous-bellied Niltava etc., orange-flanked bush robin, blue-capped redstart.. Overnight stay in a cottage.

### **Day 11: Pangot**

After breakfast, game drives in the sanctuary again.  
Overnight in the hotel.

### **Day 12: Pangot to Sat Tal**

Drive to Sat Tal (2 hours) in the morning. Birding along the way. Birding around Sat Tal. The entire drive is through the forested area of Cheena Peak Range via Snow View Point and Kilbury. One can see a variety of Himalayan species along the way such as lammergeier, Himalayan griffon, blue-winged minla, spotted & slaty-backed forktail, rufous-bellied woodpecker, rufous-bellied niltava, khali pheasant, variety of thrushes etc. More than 200 species have been recorded at Pangot and surrounding areas. The numerous perennial & seasonal creeks are home to an amazing variety of flora and fauna including the Leopard, yellow-throated Himalayan martin, Himalayan Palm Civet, ghoral, barking deer, sambhar, Red Fox etc. Overnight stay in a camp / guest house.

### **Day 13: Sat Tal to Corbett National Park**

After breakfast, leave for Corbett National Park, India's first recognised wildlife sanctuary.

Afternoon game drives. Overnight in the hotel.

### **Day 14: Corbett National Park**

Early morning leave by jeeps for Wildlife viewing into the park. This park is known mainly for tigers, but it has many other animals also like panther, wild boar, spotted Deer, Sambar, Fox, etc. not to forget rich Avi-Fauna with 585 species. Return to the bungalow for breakfast and rest. In the afternoon another Jeep safari inside the National Park. Evening free at leisure or see a film on Corbett. Overnight stay in hotel.

### **Day 15: Corbett National Park**

After breakfast, game drives in the sanctuary again.

### **Day 15: Corbett National Park**

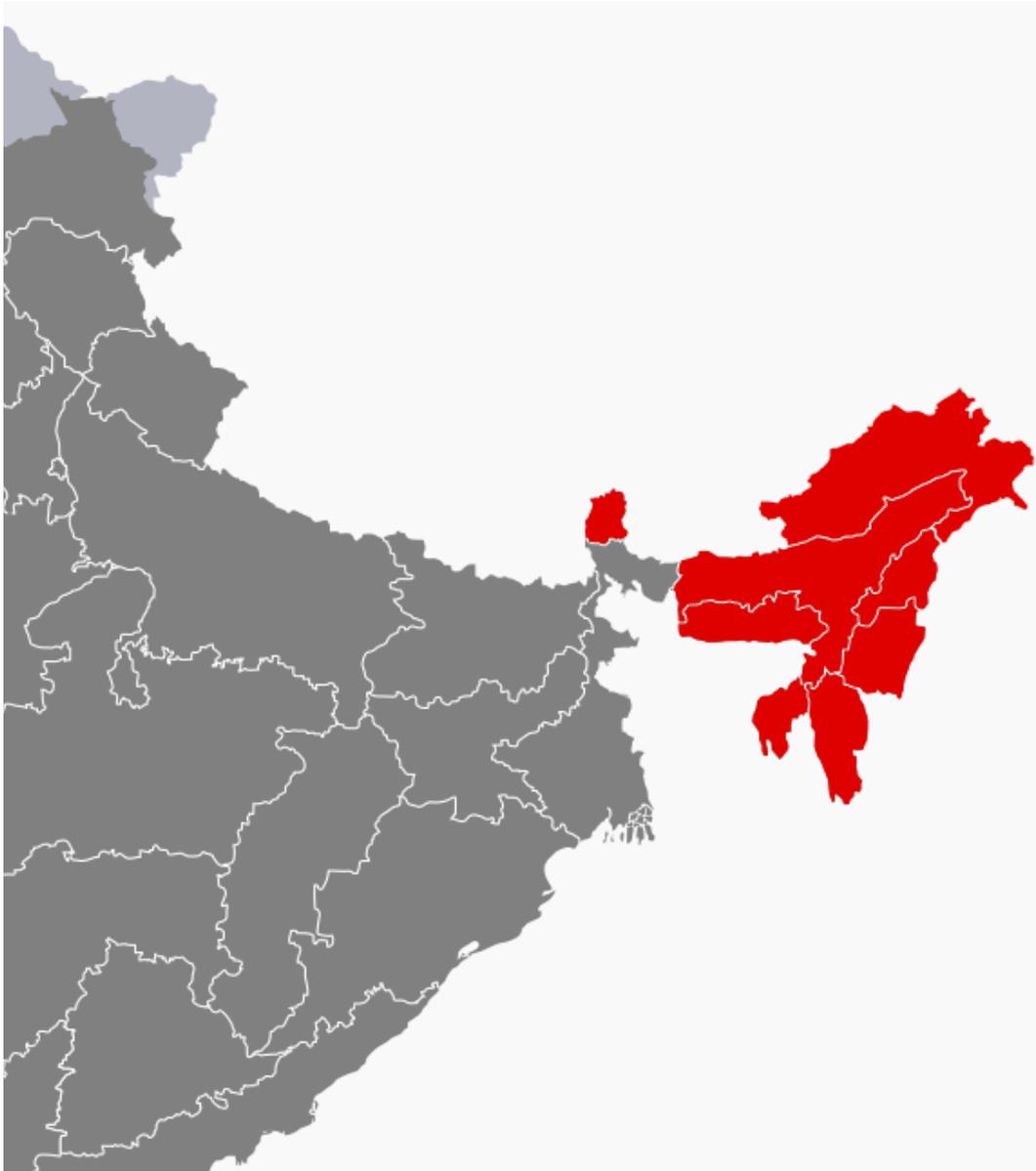
After breakfast, game drives in the sanctuary again.

### **Day 16: Corbett National Park to Delhi**

Morning after breakfast drive to reach Corbett National Park (6 - 7 hours approx).  
Overnight at hotel

### **Day 17: Delhi - Onwards**

## North East India



- Dibru-Saikhowa National Park (Laika Gaon, Assam)
- Kaziranga National Park (Assam)
- Nameri National park (Assam)
- Borguri, Tinsukia (Assam)
- Dibang valley (Arunachal Pradesh)
- Miao Village (Arunachal Pradesh)
- Namdapha National Park (Kanchanjuri, Arunachal Pradesh)
- Eaglenest Wildlife Sanctuary (West Kameng, Arunachal Pradesh)
- Mandala Birding camp (Mandala, Arunachal Pradesh)

## Razdan Recommended Itinerary for North East India

### **Day 01 Arrive Dibrugarh - Dibru Saikhowa**

Arrive Dibrugarh airport. On arrival, you will be met by our representative and drive to Dibru-Saikhowa National Park is the largest National Park of Assam, spread over an area of 650 sq. km. It is located at about 13 kms north of Tinsukia town and bounded by Brahmaputra River and Arunachal hills in the north and Dibru and Patkai hills on the South. Dibru Saikhowa National Park is one of the 19 (nineteen) biodiversity hotspots in the world. It mainly consists of semi wet evergreen forests, tropical moist deciduous forest, bamboo, cane brakes and grasslands. Situated in the flood plains of Brahmaputra, at an altitude of 118 m above sea level, Dibru-Saikhowa is a safe haven for many extremely rare and endangered species of wild life including over 300 avifauna both endangered and migratory, as well as various species of shrubs, herbs and rare animals. On arrival, check-in at the hotel. Dinner and overnight at the hotel.

### **Day 02 Dibru Saikhowa**

Morning visit Maguri Beel to see the different migratory birds that come from different parts of the world here. Thereafter take a ferry inside the park and explore the day. Back to hotel in the evening. Dinner and overnight at the hotel.

### **Day 03 Dibru Saikhowa - Roing**

This morning drive to Roing (5 hours) in the Debang valley of Arunachal Pradesh crossing India's longest bridge on the river Brahmaputra. With around 6000 species plant species, 100 mammals and over 600 bird species, Dibang valley is a heaven for nature lovers. Some of the highlight bird species at Mishmi consist Sclater's monal, Blyth's Tragopan, Temminck's Tragopan, chestnut-breasted partridge, Ward's trogon, Red-headed Trogon Dark-sided thrush, Green Cochua, Purple Cochoa, Rusty-bellied and Gould's shortwing, Beautiful Nuthatch, Mishmi Wren-babbler, Chevron-breasted Babbler Fire-tailed myzornis, 3-4 parrotbill species, Grey-headed bullfinch and so on. On arrival check in at the camp. Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 04 Roing**

Go birdwatching full day around the camp. Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 05 Roing**

Go birdwatching full day around the camp. Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 06 Roing - Miao**

After breakfast drive to Miao (3-4 hours). Miao is a sub division in Changlang district. On arrival check in at the Jungle camp. Located besides the Noa-Dihing River, the place is ideal to see birds like Rufus necked Hornbills, Ibis bills and the White-bellied Herons. Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 07 Miao**

Go birdwatching full day around the camp. Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 08 Miao - Namdapha**

Today drive to Namdapha National Park (2 hours). Some of the rare birds that you can see in Namdapha include the Satyr Tragopans, Kalij and Monal Pheasants, Blue-napped Pittas, Snowy-throated babblers, Jungle fowls, Forest Eagle Owl, Cochoas, Ward's Trogons and Beautiful Nuthatches. Afternoon go bird watching around the camp.  
Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 09 Namdapha**

Go birdwatching full day around the camp. Dinner and overnight at the camp.

### **Day 10 Namdapha - Dibrugarh**

Today drive to Dibrugarh (5-6 hours). On arrival check in at the hotel. Afternoon visit the Jockai reserve forest near Dibrugarh to see the different birds available there. Dinner and overnight at the hotel.

### **Day 11 Dibrugarh - Kaziranga**

Today drive to Kaziranga National Park (7 hours) a world heritage site and famous for the one horned Rhino. On arrival check in at the lodge. Dinner and overnight at the lodge.

### **Day 12 Kaziranga**

Get up very early in the morning for an exciting elephant ride. Enjoy the ride through the Park for 1 hr. to appreciate the beauty of famous one horned rhino, wild elephant, etc up close. After breakfast visit Panbari reserve forest. Afternoon go on a Jeep safari inside the Central range of the park. This drive is an ideal introduction to the park and its ecology as the route passes through the entire spectrum of habitat types prevalent in the area. There is a possibility of sighting elephants as well as the other Mega herbivores, Swamp deer etc. Overnight at the resort.

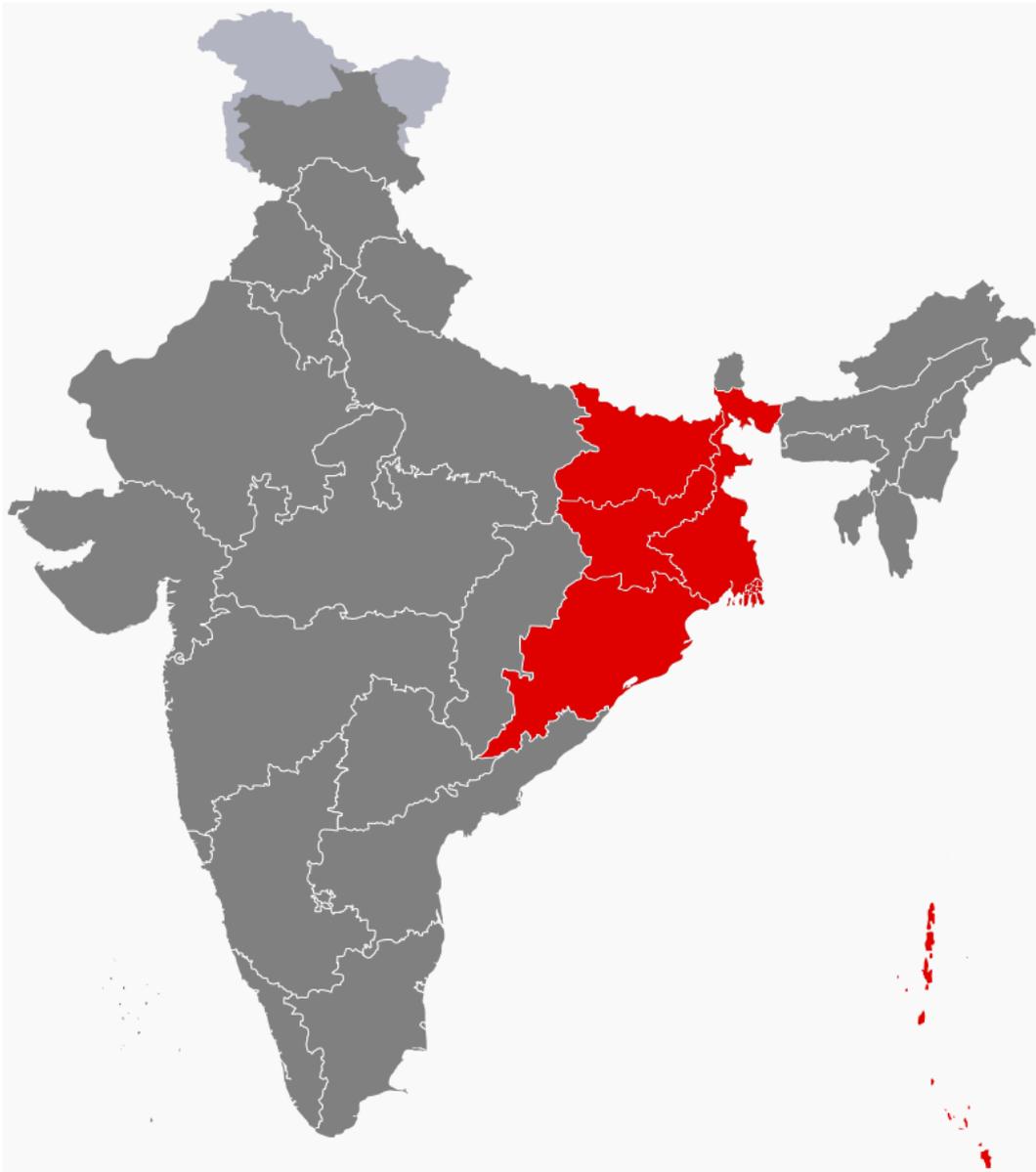
### **Day 13 Kaziranga**

After breakfast enjoy Jeep Safari to the Eastern Range of the park. The area is excellent for birding. Includes nesting of the globally threatened Pallas's Fish Eagle and a colony of Spot-billed Pelicans. Afternoon go on a Jeep safari inside Western range of the National Park to enjoy the wildlife of the park. The route traverses the southwest portion of the park. This range has maximum short grass areas and is the optimum habitat for Rhino and Water Buffalo. Overnight at the lodge.

### **Day 14 Kaziranga - Guwahati - Depart**

After breakfast drive to Guwahati (240 kms / 5 hours) and transfer to airport for your onward flight.  
End of Tour

## East India



- Mahananda Wildlife Sanctuary (Sevoke, West Bengal)
- Senchal Wildlife Sanctuary (Sittong Khasmahal, West Bengal)
- Jaldapara Wildlife Sanctuary (Jaldapara, West Bengal)
- Chilika Lake (Chilika, Odisha)
- Bhitarkanika Sanctuary (Kendrapara, Odisha)

## Razdan Recommended Itinerary for East India

### **Day 1 Bhubaneswar - Chilika Lake**

Arrive Bhubaneswar . Meet and assist on arrival and transfer to Manglajodi Nature Camp- Chilka Lake a Ramsite - community interaction and photography  
Overnight Manglajodi

### **Day 2 Chilika Lake**

Full day Bird Watching

Chilka Lake NATURE CAMP - "Night Stay in the Birding Hotspot of Asia"

Mangalajodi, "**The Birds Paradise of Asia**" is in the North Eastern Part of Chilika Lagoon. Millions of migratory Birds congregate during different parts of the year here. Winter witnesses the highest gathering of around 4 to 5 Lakhs resident and migratory birds. **It is the only place in India where large flocks of different species of colourful birds can be seen from close proximity of boat.** This is not only the place for birders but also a Photographers paradise in Asia. More than 200 species of birds are recorded in Mangalajodi during winters. Lakhs of Ruffs, Godwits, Terns, Plovers, Sandpipers, rare Grey-headed Lapwings, Gulls, Pintails, Ruddy Shelducks, Skulkers like Ruddy-breasted Crakes, Baillon's Crakes, Slaty-breasted Rails and the Greater Painted Snipes ,Black-tailed Godwits, Oriental Pratincoles and the Pacific Golden Plovers etc. Variety of Raptors are also seen hunting in different parts of Mangalajodi. Listen to different voices of different birds all around you, sometimes in chorus and sometimes simple exchange of language in form of Calls, Quacks, Chirps, Whistles, mimics & trills that echoes different stories of communication among them. Among the wetlands of India, Chilika occupies a place of pride being the first Indian wetland declared as "**Wetland of International Importance**" in 1981 under IUCN sponsored Ramsar Convention due to manifestation of unique characteristics as shown by the fact that:

- Over a million migratory waterfowl and shore birds winter here and more than 1% of bio-geographical population in respect of 45 species recorded in Chilika.
- The lagoon serves as an important stopover in central Asian flyway.
- Over 400 vertebrate species have been recorded.
- The lagoon supports indigenous fisheries contributing to the livelihood of the communities and the lagoon plays great role in preserving genetic diversity.
- Chilika lake has been declared as "**Destination Flyway**" by the United Nation's World tourism Organisation (UNWTO) because of its natural treasure and bio-diversity.
- Overnight Manglajodi

### **Day 3 Chilika Lake**

Full day Bird Watching Chilka Lake  
Overnight Manglajodi

### **Day 4 Chilika Lake**

Leave for Bhitarkanika Dangmal Nature Camp  
Overnight Dangmal Nature Camp

### **Day 5 Chilika Lake**

Full day Bird Watching Bhitarkanika Sanctuary

Bhitarkanika Wildlife Sanctuary and National Park is known as the “ **Mini-Amazon**” of India. Lying on the coast of Bay of Bengal, it is the second largest Mangrove ecosystem of our country after Sundarbans. Dangamal Nature Camp, Habalikhati and Gupti Nature Camps are located inside Bhitarkanika with luxurious accommodations and different choices of cuisine and delicacies. World’s largest congregation of Salt Water Crocodiles are seen in the creeks of Bhitarkanika. Sighting of Crocodiles, Spotted Deers, Wild pigs and thousands of colorful birds including winter migrants from central-Asia and Europe is very common here. Eco-tourists can see lakhs of water birds visiting Bagagahana- heronery near Suajore creek from the month of August to October every year. More than 10 species of Herons are seen nesting on thousands of trees. Most of the Birds are Asian Open Bill, Black Ibis, Cormorants, Darters etc. View of Bottle-Nose Dolphin’s, Irrawady Dolphin’s and Finless Porpoise Dolphin’s from different beaches of Bhitarkanika is worth watching. s.

Overnight Dangmal Nature Camp

### **Day 6 Chilika Lake**

Full day Bird Watching Bhitarkanika Sanctuary

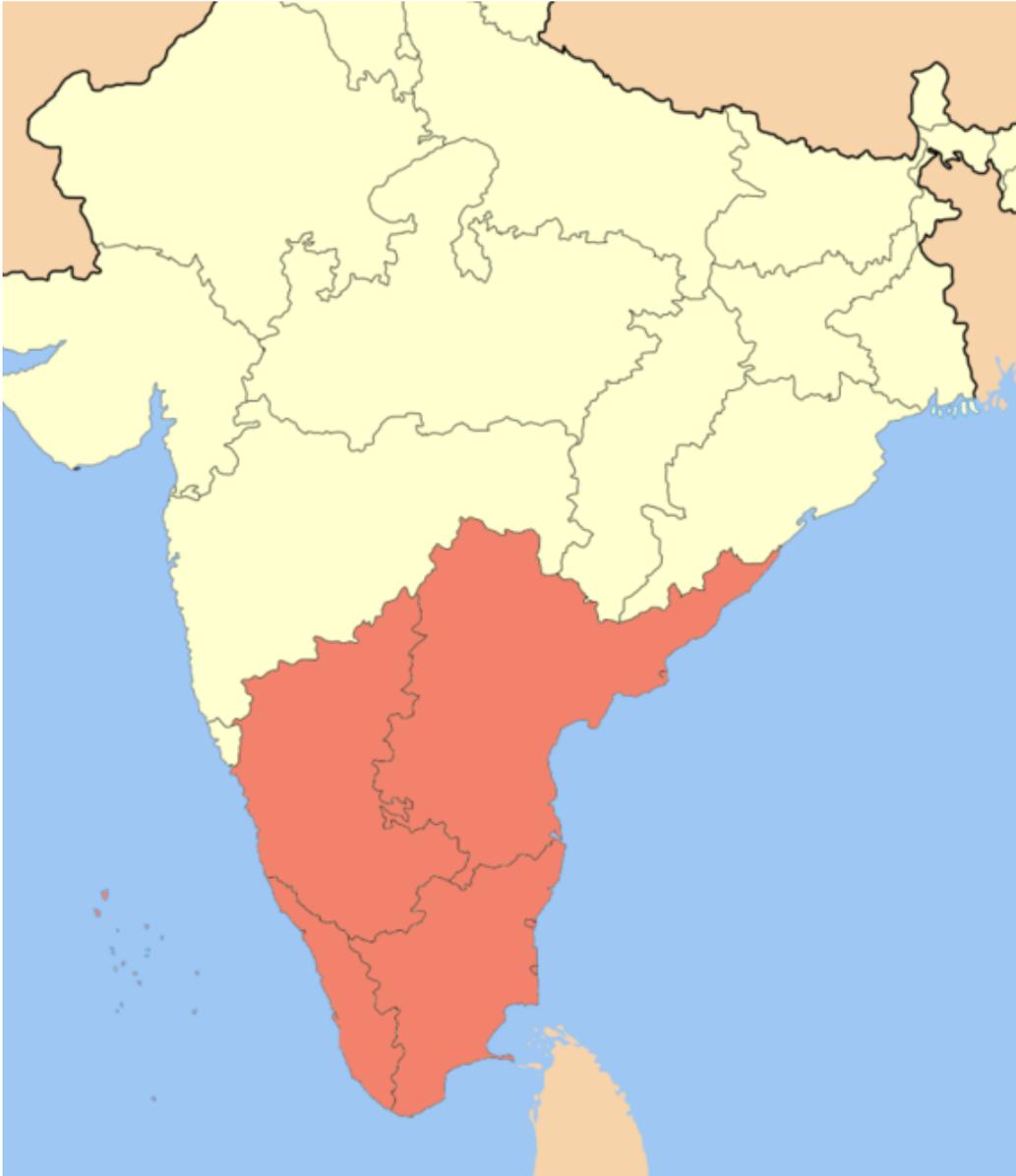
Overnight Dangmal Nature Camp

### **Day 07 Chilika Lake- Bhubaneswar**

Leave from Bhitarkanika to Bhubaneswar -160 Kms/3.5 hrs - visit of Bhubaneswar

Overnight Bhubaneswar

## South India



- Ranganathittu Bird Sanctuary (Srirangapatna, Karnataka)
- Nagarhole Wildlife Sanctuary (Kabini, Karnataka)
- Bandipur Wildlife Sanctuary (Bandipur, Karnataka)
- Mudumalai National Park (Nilgiri, Tamil Nadu)
- Eravikulam National park (Idukki, Kerala)
- Thattekkad Bird Sanctuary (Thattekkad, Kerala)

**Razdan Recommended** Itinerary for South India

**Day 1: Bangalore**

On arrival, check in at hotel and relax, overnight stay at Bangalore

**Day 2: Bangalore to Mysore (140 Kms & 3.5 hours drive)**

Proceed towards Mysore, on arrival check in at hotel and relax, visit Mysore Palace, overnight stay at Mysore

**Day 3: Mysore to Kabini (90 Km & 2.5 hours drive)**

Visit Ranganathittu Bird Sanctuary & proceed to Kabini, overnight stay at Kabini

**Day 4: Kabini**

Enjoy the safari in Nagarhole wildlife sanctuary, overnight stay at Kabini (SAFARI CAN BE ORGANISED THROUGH THE HOTELIERS ONLY)

**Day 5: Kabini**

Enjoy the safari in Nagarhole wildlife sanctuary, overnight stay at Kabini (SAFARI CAN BE ORGANISED THROUGH THE HOTELIERS ONLY)

Day 6: Kabini to Bandipur (170 Kms & 4 hours drive)  
Proceed towards Bandipur, overnight stay at Bandipur

**Day 7: Bandipur**

Enjoy the safari at Bandipur Wildlife sanctuary, (SAFARI CAN BE ORGANISED THROUGH THE HOTELIERS ONLY)

**Day 8: Bandipur to Ooty (90 Kms & 2.5 hours drive)**

Proceed to Ooty and relax by enjoying the nature, overnight stay at Ooty

**Day 9: Ooty**

Bird watching tour, you might spot Black-and orange Flycatcher, Nilgiri fly cather, Nilgiri Laughing thrush, overnight stay at Ooty

**Day 10: Ooty to Pollachi (150 Km & 4.5 hours drive)**

Proceed to Pollachi.

Pollachi is mainly dealing with agriculture like vegetables, rice, Coriander  
Overnight stay at Pollachi

**Day 11: Pollachi**

Please book activities through hoteliers, overnight stay at Pollachi

**Day 12: Pollachi**

Day excursion to Valparai, you can see lion tailed macaques, Hornbills & option for tea plantation too, drive back to Pollachi

**Day 13: Pollachi to Munnar (120 Kms & 4 hours drive)**

Proceed to Munnar, on arrival check in & later visit Eravikulam National park, visit Nilgri Thar, overnight stay at Munnar

**Day 14: Munnar**

Explore the local area to pick up various species, including Malabar Barbet, Jerdon's Leafbird, Greater Racket-tailed Drongo, White-bellied Treepie, Yellow-browed Bulbul, Large Wood Shrike, Asian Fairy Bluebird, Ashy Drongo, Small Minivet and many other species

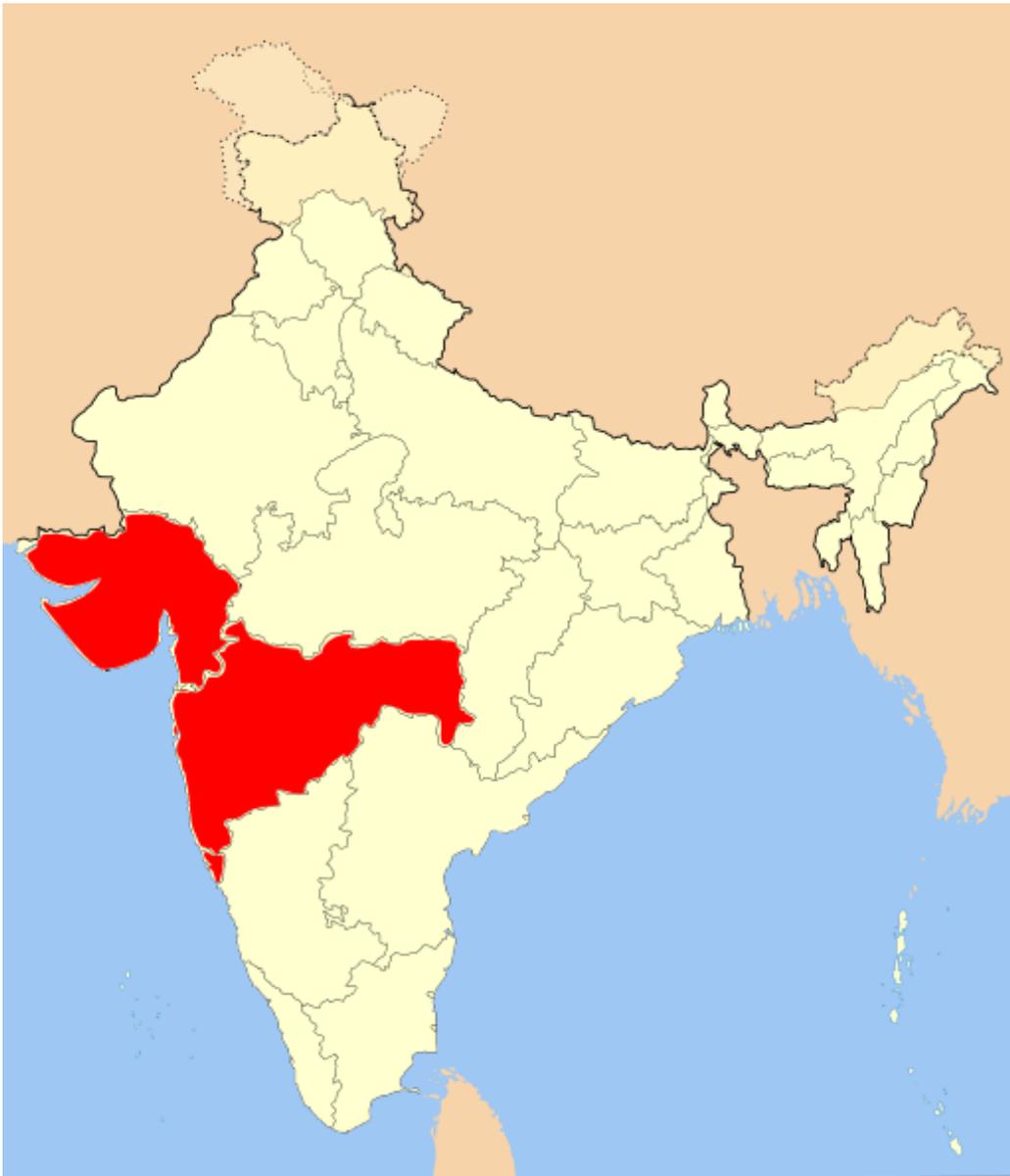
**Day 15: Munnar to Thattekkad (100 Kms & 3 hours drive)**

Thattekkad Bird Sanctuary to arrive mid afternoon. Spend last few hours of the day in the field looking for some of the resident species.

**Day 16: Thattekkad**

Thattekkad Bird Sanctuary, also known as Salim Ali Bird Sanctuary, is a prime birding destination in South India. Specialties here include Spot-bellied Eagle-Owl, Ceylon Frogmouth, Malabar Trogon, Red Spurfowl, Bay Owl, Rufous Babbler, Blue-faced Malkoha, Brown-breasted, White-bellied, Blue-tailed and Rusty-tailed Flycatchers, Greyheaded Bulbul and Wynaad Laughing Thrush. Other species include Malabar Grey

## West India



- Nal Sarovar Bird Sanctuary (Nal Sarovar, Gujarat)
- Khijadiya Bird Sanctuary (Sachana, Gujarat)
- Gir National Park (Gir, Gujarat)
- Blackbuck National Park (Velvadar, Gujarat)
- Thol Bird Sanctuary (Kalol, Gujarat)
- Little Rann of Kutch (Kutch, Gujarat)
- Great Rann of Kutch (Kutch, Gujarat)
- Pariej Lake (Pariej, Gujarat)
- Lonar Crater Lake (Lonar, Maharashtra)

## Razdan Recommended itinerary for West India

### **Day 1: Ahmedabad**

Arrive at Ahmedabad - Meet your naturalist and driver - check in at the hotel - depending on the arrival time go for afternoon birding in Thol Bird Sanctuary. Waterfowls, Eagles, Herons, Pelicans, Darter, Cormorants, Storks, Cranes

### **Day 2: Ahmedabad to Little Rann of Kutch**

Post breakfast departure for the Little Rann of Kutch - enroute birding around Nal Sarovar wetland - reach Dasada by Lunch - Check in and have lunch - Afternoon safari in the little Rann of Kutch - O/n at Little Rann of Kutch

### **Day 3 & 4: Little Rann of Kutch**

Spend two full days (3&4) exploring the birdlife in and around little Rann of Kutch (LRK). LRK is a paradise for birders having more than 350 species of birds during winters. The

Little Rann of Kutch has been declared a Ramsar Site. During the safaris in the Rann expect to see large flocks of larks, and other dryland birds like sandgrouse, coursers, plovers, chats, warblers, babblers, shrikes. The best birding is at the lakes and marshes in and around the Rann where birds gather in numbers beyond comprehension during the winter months from October to March. These are the months when demmossile and common cranes are seen in incredibly large numbers. The wetlands also attract

flamingos, pelicans, storks, ibises, spoonbill, a variety of ducks and other waterfowl. The Rann is also the hunting ground of raptors like the short-toed eagle, aquila eagles, six species of falcon, buzzards and three species of harrier. It is one of the few places where harriers can be seen roosting on open- ground at night.

Some of the important species are McQueen's Bustard, Greater Hoopoe Lark, Sociable Lapwing, Greater and Lesser Flamingos, Pallid Scops Owl, Short Eared Owl, Falcons (Peregrine, Barbary, Saker, Laggar, Merlin, Eurasian and Oriental Hobby, Red Necked Falcon, Lesser Kestrel) Eagles (Steppe, Tawny, Eastern Imperial, Bonelli's, Greater Spotted, Indian Spotted, Short Toed Snake etc.), along with large congregations of Common and Demoiselle Cranes and Waterfowl.

### **Day 5: Little Rann of Kutch - Great Rann of Kutch (GRK)**

Post breakfast depart for GRK - Reach by Lunch - Post lunch go for birding around the resort

### **Day 6 & 7: GRK**

Spend two full days birding in the Great Rann of Kutch.

Ornithology of Kutch is important due to its Geographical Location. The district of Kutch falls on the migration route of birds. The vast stretches of Rann, flooded portions and Bet area (20,600 sq. kms), Banni Grasslands (3847 sq. kms), Coast Line (352 kms) long, tropical thorn forest, Coastal Sand Dunes, all diverse habitat serve as staging, feeding, roosting grounds of these birds. The resident birdlife of Kutch shows strong similarities with the birds of Sindh, Kathiawar and Western Rajasthan. The Great Rann seems to function as an efficient barrier to local migration.

### **Day 8: GRK - Jamnagar**

Post breakfast depart for Jamnagar - Reach by Lunch time - check in and Lunch -  
Afternoon go for birding near the city - O/n at Jamnagar.

### **Day 9: Jamnagar**

Spend full day exploring excellent costal region of Jamnagar. Some of the specialties are Indian Skimmers, Black Neck Grebe, Great Crested Grebe and amazing variety of Waders, especially Crab Plover, Eurasian Oystercatcher and curlew sandpiper.

O/n at Jamnagar.

### **Day 11: Jamnagar - Velavadar**

Post breakfast depart for Blackbuck National Park, Velavadar. Enroute birding in Saurashtra region. - Reach velavadar by late afternoon - check in and Relax for the day -  
O/n at Velavadar

*The Velavadar National Park is a hidden gem, one of the last stands of grassland remaining in the massive alluvial plain running along the Gulf of Khambatt called Bhal. The Bhal is a tapestry of cotton, wheat and other agricultural fields, saline flats, grasslands, pastures, freshwater wetlands and coastal marshes. Nearly forty species of grasses have been identified from Bhal.*

*The national park is a beautiful 35 sq km tract of largely treeless Savannah grasslands and bushes that makes a stunning and enchanting sight. It is wonderful to watch the grasslands changing colour at different times of the day, and also in different seasons of the year, from bright gleaming greens to golden browns, and the grasses swaying in gentle breezes.*

*The beauty of the grassland is enhanced by its abundance of wildlife from butterflies and dragonflies to India's largest antelope, the nilgai.*

*As you drive on the road through the national park, it is easy to believe you are in the African Savannah with the extensive grasslands and the huge herds of antelope.*

### **Day 12: Velavadar**

Spend full day exploring the amazing savannah of Blackbuck National Park, Worlds largest Harrier Roosting Site.

The most important species to see in this park is huge flocks of Marsh, Montagu's and Pallid harriers during the evening roosts. Apart from harriers one can sight white eyed buzzard, common buzzard, short toed snake eagle, crested, short toed, sykes's, ashy crowned.

### **Day 14: Velavadar - Nadiad (Cambay region)**

Early morning departure for birding in Kheda distrct - visit pariej wetland and surrounding agricultural ecosystem for sighting of Globally threatened Sarus Cranes. One can see a variety of waterfowl, plovers and other waders, bitterns, herons, munias and buntings. - O/n stay at Nadiad

### **Day 15: Full day birding in Kheda and Cambay region - O/n at Nadiad**

### **Day 16: Nadiad - Ahmedabad**

Post breakfast depart back to Ahmedabad - Drop at Airport/ Railway Station / H



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